Fluidmistar Media in Inquiry to Improve the Creative Thinking Skills of Senior High School Students

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Abstract

Learning media an important role in supporting the learning process as a tool for students to gain mastery of the material. This study aims to produce valid, practical and effective a fluidmistar media and analyze the increase in students' creative thinking skill after using fluidmistar learning media in inquiry. Research and development is a method specifically using the ADDIE development model. The data collection technique used was a test of creative thinking skills and a student response questionnaire. The results of the expert's assessment stated that fluidmistar media was feasible to use improve creative thinking skills through inquiry learning. The implementation of fluidmistar media in inquiry learning was applied to students of SMA Muhammadiyah 2 Gemolong, Central Java with a total sample of 58 students. Media expert validation results obtained recommendations from the data and graphic aspects (90%), color combinations (92%), text selection (88%), content relevance (86%), audio visual presentation (85%) and media effectiveness (87%). Fluidmistar media is declared feasible to be used as a medium for learning fluid concepts. Student responses to the Fluidmistar learning media obtained good category with an mean score is 79.1. The results of students' positive responses indicate that the developed media to improve students' creative thinking skill and positive responses. The increase in creative thinking skill can be seen based on the pretest and posttest score tested through the N-gain test obtained at 0.74 in the high category.

Keywords: fluidmistar media, inquiry, creative thinking skill.

Media Fluidmistar Media dalam Pembelajaran Inkuiri untuk Meningkatkan Keterampilan Berpikir Kreatif Siswa SMA

Abstrak

Media pembelajaran memberikan peranan penting dalam menunjang proses pembelajaran sebagai alat bantu bagi siswa untuk mencapai penguasaan materi. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menghasilkan media fluidmistar yang valid dan menganalisis peningkatan kemampuan berpikir kreatif siswa setelah implementasi menggunakan media pembelajaran fluidmistar. Penelitian dan pengembangan merupakan metode yang khusus menerapkan model pengembangan ADDIE. Teknik pengumpulan data yang digunakan adalah tes keterampilan berpikir kreatif dan angket respon siswa. Hasil penilaian ahli menyatakan bahwa media fluidmistar layak digunakan untuk meningkatkan kemampuan berpikir kreatif melalui pembelajaran inkuiri. Implementasi media fluidmistar dalam pembelajaran inkuiri diterapkan pada siswa salah satu SMA Muhammadiyah 2 Gemolong Jawa Tengah dengan jumlah sampel 58 siswa. Hasil validasi ahli media diperoleh hasil rekomendasi dari aspek

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data dan grafik (90%), kombinasi warna (92%), pemilihan teks (88%), relevansi konten (86%), presentasi audio visual (85%) and efektivitas media pembelajaran (87%). Media Fluidmistar dinyatakan layak digunakan sebagai media pembelajaran konsep fluida. Respon siswa terhadap media pembelajaran Fluidmistar diperoleh kategori baik. Hasil respon positif siswa menunjukkan bahwa media yang dikembangkan dapat meningkatkan keterampilan berpikir kreatif siswa dan respon positif. Peningkatan keterampilan berpikir kreatif dapat dilihat berdasarkan skor pretest dan posttest yang diuji melalui uji N-gain diperoleh sebesar 0,74 dengan kategori tinggi. Media pembelajaran fluidmistar cocok digunakan dalam pembelajaran inkuiri untuk meningkatkan kemampuan berpikir kreatif siswa pada materi fluida dinamis.

Kata Kunci: Media Fluidmistar, inquiry, keterampilan berpikir kreatif.

INTRODUCTION

Learning media acts as an intermediary for teacher-student communication to achieve learning goals. The use of learning media provides experiences that cannot be obtained directly by students, learning activities do not become monotonous and boring. Teachers need learning aids to facilitate delivery and explanation of material during the learning process. Technology development can be utilized to maximize the learning process (Mikeska & Lottero-Perdue, 2022). Teachers are expected to create and apply innovative and creative media. Instructional media are very varied which can be used as learning aids, but the use of learning media is not optimal. Selection of the right learning media can be considered from various aspects of the priority which is directed at making students active, creative and motivate students to be enthusiastic about learning (Chang et al., 2022).

Learning media is a learning tool that aims to facilitate the delivery of information and data during learning activities. The use of learning media is able to inspire and motivate students to learn. The selection of learning media greatly influences the understanding of the material and whether or not learning objectives are achieved (Mikeska & Howell, 2020). This requires the selection of appropriate media. Interactive learning media is used as a choice of learning resources that can add and broaden insights and train students’ independence so that they are able to think creatively and innovatively during the learning process (Ault et al., 2015). This is an attempt to achieve learning objectives through directing to obtain learning resources. The existence of learning media
facilitates learning activities, understands the material and gives the impression of long learning in students' memories.

Student-centered learning methods are able to encourage students' knowledge and skills. Students are not enough to remember facts and obtain information, but must be able to solve problems, analyze information, and think creatively (Mastery et al., 2022). The results of an interview with a physics teacher at a senior high school in Sragen district stated that the limitations of appropriate learning media to be used as a tool for understanding material are still low. In addition, the results of the students' initial responses stated that learning resources and learning media that are easily accessible and make it easier for students to learn are still very much needed so that students can study independently at school and at home. The results of students' initial responses regarding creative thinking skills obtained a description that students' creative skills were still low. The results of the initial response regarding students' responses to understanding the concept of dynamic fluid obtained the response that dynamic fluid material is very interesting and can be found in everyday life. However, dynamic fluid learning requires interesting learning media so that it is more durable in students' memories and provides direct experience. Some students stated that dynamic physics material was difficult to get a more structured and applicable understanding.

The limitations of learning media and the minimal use of learning media are of particular concern in creativity and problem solving (Cahyono, et al., 2023). The results of the study state that instructional media that are designed flexibly and creatively influence the optimization of the learning process in achieving learning objectives. Teachers can deliver material interactively, holistically and update (Haleem, et al., 2022). Interactive, holistic and up-to-date delivery of material can be assisted with student activity sheets and textbooks. Relevant research results state that the use of interactive multimedia can increase students' creative thinking abilities. Android application-based learning media is an example of interactive multimedia (Real et al., 2022). Based interactive multimedia android applications can be designed to help physics learning be held interactively, holistically and update.

Creative thinking skills are very important to be provided to students in learning because these skills can lead students to a mindset with creativity so they can create
innovative work (Mastery et al., 2022). Creative thinking is needed in solving problems in conflicts that exist in the workplace (Cahyono, Rohman & Fauzi, 2021). These skills can be enhanced with the facilities of student learning activities and experiences. Analytical skills as part of creative thinking skills that seek to master a skill and ability to make the right decisions (Aninnas, Supeno & Wicaksono, 2022). Analytical skills are shown in a careful, thorough and detailed manner in mastering a problem at hand (Fahmi, Widayati & Priwantoro, 2022). In reading narratives, analyzing data, designing plans should be analyzed first (Paramata et al., 2022). Open thinking skills as a part of other creative thinking skills that try to have an open mindset. In this case, courage is needed to avoid random assumptions, courage fuels the skill of exploring new things.

Problem solving skills, organizational skills and communication skills that are influenced by creative thinking skills. Creative ideas are needed to be able to solve good problems. Organizational skills are owned by individuals who have high creativity (Ndoa & Anastasia, 2022). Within the organization, individuals are encouraged try to think ahead and challenged to come up with innovative ideas that are expected to be utilized by society (Haris Odja et al., 2022). Communication skills as skills that can improve creative thinking skills. Creative ideas can be conveyed well if you are able to convey these creative ideas with good communication skills (Susilawati et al., 2021). Creative thinking skills can be implemented in the form of activities such as compiling computer programs to optimize the learning process, designing social media platforms, identifying innovative learning methods, finding experimental design and inventions in the application of technology.

The concept of fluid dynamics as contextual material in physics learning and real material is easy to find in life. However, there are several misconceptions about dynamic fluid material, including misconceptions that seem very dominant (Atmam & Mufit, 2023). For example, water will stop flowing if the water level is level with the hole through which the hose goes out of the vessel. Students tend to equate this case with the case of an ordinary perforated vessel (Rahmawati et al., 2022). A small number of students have been able to give the correct answer, while others still have the notion that water will only stop flowing if the water level does not reach the inner end of the hose. Some students also thought that the water would stop flowing if the water level was lower
than the highest point of the hose (Damayanti & Mundilarto, 2022). This misconception arises because students only use the concept of potential energy without involving the concepts of pressure and kinetic energy as expressed in Bernoulli's equation. Students with this misconception tend to this case is analogous to a case like a rollercoaster (Fahmi et al., 2022). The results of previous studies stated that most students were able to understand dynamic fluid material limited to equations without understanding the concepts and fission meaning of dynamic fluid equations. Based on the study of the research results above, an effort is needed to develop interactive learning media for dynamic fluid material that is able to stimulate students' thinking skills so that misconceptions do not occur.

The design of interactive learning media is expected to motivate students to learn so that they can improve students' creative thinking skill (Susilawati; et al., 2022). The research conducted is different from previous research because in the development of Fluidmistar media it applies an android application so that Fluidmistar media can be used as a medium for independent learning and can be used at any time. The interactive multimedia design developed is the form of an android application, such as the Fluidmistar media. The application is made using Microsoft Powerpoint which has been integrated with the iSpring Suite to convert HTML5 site from iSpring Suite to android application using apk web. The development of Fluidmistar media contains dynamic fluid material, practice questions, interactive games and evaluations which are packaged in interactive quizzes. The development of the Fluidmistar application is directed at improving creative thinking skills. Based on the description above, this study aims to develop Fluidmistar media in inquiry learning to improve students' creative thinking skills.

RESEARCH METHODS

The research method uses research and development (R&D) methods to produce a product through testing the feasibility and effectiveness of the product (Dick & Carey, 1990). The research phase refer to ADDIE development model. ADDIE model consist of analyze, design, development, implement & evaluation (Aldoobie, 2015). In the initial phase of the research, a needs analysis was carried out to capture the potential and benefits
for the wider community. The second phase is designing Fluidmistar media in the form of storyboards and designing tools for implementing Fluidmistar media in the form of lesson plan and research instruments. The third phase, developing Fluidmistar media based on storyboard designs, developing product feasibility test sheets, developing guidelines for using media and student activity sheets, developing creative thinking skills test instruments and developing student response questionnaires to Fluidmistar media.

Expert validation is carried out to obtain product improvement suggestions that are developed based on aspects of media performance and material content explained through Fluidmistar media tool. This research data collection technique used a test of creative thinking skills and students' responses to interest using Fluidmistar media. The creative thinking skills test consists of four creative thinking indicators, such as thinking fluency skills, thinking flexibly skills, thinking originally and detailed thinking. The creative thinking skills test was compiled and developed in the form of an essay totaling 13 items on creative thinking skills. Student responses to interest using Fluidmistar media were measured using a student response statement questionnaire. Student response questionnaires were developed in the form of a Likert scale with four choices, such as excellend, moderate, poor and very poor.

The fourth phase, the implementation of Fluidmistar media in inquiry learning. Implementation of learning begins a pretest to photograph creative thinking skills before using Fluidmistar media. Creative thinking skill indicators such as Table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Creative Thinking Skill</th>
<th>Description of skill</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flexible thinking skill</td>
<td>The ability to see different points of view and consider different alternatives or solutions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Original thinking skill</td>
<td>The ability to generate new, unique and original ideas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detailed thinking skill</td>
<td>The ability to develop and dig deeper into existing ideas by providing more detail and complexity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluent thinking skill</td>
<td>The ability to generate a large number of ideas in a limited amount of time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensitivity to problems</td>
<td>The ability to identify and recognize problems or challenges that exist in certain situations or contexts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Association skills</td>
<td>The ability to make connections or link together different ideas creatively.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Originality in expression</td>
<td>The ability to express ideas in a unique and unconventional way.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In this study, only four indicators were examined from indicators of creative thinking skill on Table 1, among others detailed thinking skill, fluent thinking skill, original thinking skill and flexible thinking skill.

The implementation of inquiry learning using Fluidmistar media was carried out in 3 meetings which examined fluid content and solved quizzes as assignments. The third meeting, questionnaires were distributed to students' responses to the use of Fluidmistar media. The implementation of inquiry learning ends with a posttest to evaluate creative thinking skills after applying Fluidmistar media in inquiry learning. The fifth phase, evaluation as the final phase to evaluate the results of the development and implementation of the use of Fluidmistar media in inquiry learning. The data analysis technique used is quantitative descriptive analysis to analyze the quantity, percentage, results of expert validation and results of the student response questionnaire analysis.

Inquiry learning steps carried out by students: (1) observation, students observe and collect information about the topic or phenomenon being studied; (2) formulating questions, students formulate relevant and interesting questions based on their observations; (3) planning and design, students plan and design experiments or research activities to answer their questions; (4) data collection, students carry out experiments or research activities according to their plans; (5) data analysis, students analyze the data that has been collected using appropriate analytical tools; (6) conclusion drawing, students draw conclusions based on the results of their data analysis; (7) communication, students share their findings with teachers and classmates through written reports, presentations, or discussions.

In addition, an analysis of the increase in creative thinking skills was carried out using the normalized gain equation (Hake, 1999). Effect size analysis of the implementation of Fluidmistar media on creative thinking skills is carried out using effect size calculations. The category of increasing creative thinking skills and the effect size of Fluidmistar media on creative thinking skills consists of low, medium and high categories. Quantitative analysis method involves using statistical and numerical analysis techniques to process the collected data. The creative thinking skill assessment rubric is a guide that contains clear criteria for assessing students' creative skills. The rubric covers...
aspects such as quality and originality of ideas, idea development, creativity in problem solving, and creative presentations.

The population of this study were students of Grade XI SMA Muhammadiyah2 Gemolong. The research sample consisted of 58 students of Grade XI of a senior high school with a modest sample selection. Prior to the implementation of Fluidmistar media in inquiry learning, the research sample was given a student readiness questionnaire to prepare for using Fluidmistar media and the capacity of each student's smartphone device. Giving a questionnaire to capture the overall preparation of students to apply inquiry learning with Fluidmistar media. The results of student preparation responses to study an active role in inquiry learning using Fluidmistar media are shown in Table 2.

Table 2. Student Preparation Responses Using Fluidmistar Media

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Participant’s Initial Skill</th>
<th>Level (quality)</th>
<th>Frequency (participant)</th>
<th>Percentage (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Internet access</td>
<td>moderate</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create electronic messages</td>
<td>moderate</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Using information on the website</td>
<td>low</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smartphone device installation</td>
<td>moderate</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active in online learning</td>
<td>low</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Take online quizzes</td>
<td>moderate</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2. The distribution of students’ preparation for using Fluidmistar media in inquiry learning shows frequency of students who have smartphone devices that support Fluidmistar media. The frequency of students is described based on the ability to operate smartphones, websites and e-mail. The distribution of questionnaire shows that 88% of students are able to access learning resources on the internet, create electronic messages, and use information on websites. Based on initial data, it was obtained the perception that students were able to installations, online learning and online quizzes. Therefore, inquiry learning using Fluidmistar media can be continued for further research data collection.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The creation of Fluidmistar media begins design of visual media display as the basic concept for developing Fluidmistar media. Product design is made to link between
material content, fluid visualization and quizzes. The Fluidmistar media design is designed to follow the order in which the media is displayed as shown in Figure 1.

![Fluidmistar media design](image)

Figure 1. Fluidmistar media design

Figure 1 shows the initial to final design of the media covering main course, competency analysis, content, video, practice question, discussion, dan quizzes game. The developed product specifications are intended to improve creative thinking skills in dynamic fluid material. Fluidmistar media was developed using the iSpring Suite which is based on Android application. The display of the Fluidmistar application can be seen in Figure 2.

![Fluidmistar media view](image)

Figure 2. Fluidmistar media view

Figure 2 shows an overview of the media covers as home page, quis, and exercise. The main menu contained in the learning media includes instructions for using
Fluidmistar media, core competencies, basic competencies, learning objectives, dynamic fluid material, applied fluid videos, practice questions in quizzes and discussion of quizzes. Quizzes in learning media is in the form of a spin game which is useful for determining the number of questions that must be done by students. The pointer stops, the student is required to work on the problem.

Fluidmistar's media feasibility was analyzed based on the results of expert validation which assessed six aspects of assessment aspects, that is data and graphic, colour combinations, text selection, content relevance, audio visual presentation and media effectiveness. The results of the material expert validation can be seen in Figure 3.

![Figure 3. Expert Validation of Fluidmistar Media](image)

The results of validation media calculations, the average percentage of the media validation aspect, which is 88%, is included in the 'Very feasible' category. The feasibility of Fluidmistar media states that media can be used as a medium for learning dynamic fluid material with several revision. The revision of the Fluidmistar media proposed by the validator included adding images and illustrations of the application of dynamic fluid in everyday life. In addition, the addition of content to the quizzes is given to attract students' interest in learning while playing games.

Material expert validation assesses six aspects of the assessment, that is no misconceptions, content adequacy, content quality, contextual assessment, systematic presentation of the material and truth of material substance. The results of the material expert validation can be seen in Figure 4.
Figure 4 states the expert validation of dynamic fluid material, the calculation results of the six aspects of dynamic fluid material validation have an average percentage of material feasibility, namely 85% with a very feasible category. The feasibility of the material states that the material presented on Fluidmistar media can make it easier for students to discuss dynamic fluids. Dynamic fluid material is still needed to fulfill the adequacy of material starting from the continuity equation and water discharge to the application of Bernoulli's principle.

The procedure for implementing Fluidmistar media in dynamic fluid learning is carried out through 3 parts of activity. The first, media introduction activities start with installing the Fluidmistar media and introducing menu options that present material content and exercises on dynamic fluid problems. The second, the implementation of Fluidmistar learning through inquiry learning assisted by Fluidmistar media starts with a pretest. After the pretest, students are given learning experiences through inquiry learning assisted by Fluidmistar media which ends with a posttest and distribution of student response questionnaires to the use of Fluidmistar media. The third, evaluation of the achievements and improvement of creative thinking skills and the results of students' interest responses to Fluidmistar media in inquiry learning. When implementing Fluidmistar media in inquiry learning, it can run smoothly. The implementation was carried out in three meetings where assistance was provided and explanations were given to the use of Fluidmistar media to study dynamic fluids and improve students' creative thinking skills. Discussions were held between the mode teacher and students to observe
the progress of students' skills in using Fluidmistar media. Achievements and improvement of students' creative thinking skills are shown in Table 3.

Table 3. Achievement of Students' Creative Thinking Skill

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator of creative thinking skill</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>N-Gain Score</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Average</th>
<th>N-Gain Average</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pretest</td>
<td>Post test</td>
<td></td>
<td>Pretest</td>
<td>Posttest</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detailed thinking skill</td>
<td>36.7</td>
<td>83.1</td>
<td>0.73</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>31.5</td>
<td>0.74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluent thinking skill</td>
<td>26.9</td>
<td>81.7</td>
<td>0.75</td>
<td>High</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Original thinking skill</td>
<td>29.6</td>
<td>84.3</td>
<td>0.77</td>
<td>High</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flexible thinking skill</td>
<td>32.8</td>
<td>80.8</td>
<td>0.71</td>
<td>High</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3 states each indicator of creative thinking skill to think creatively in dynamic fluid material obtains an average increase in the high category of 0.74. Students can generate various problem solving ideas. Several students are able to provide new ideas, innovations and scientific arguments. Inquiry learning using Flumistar media is stated to have an influence on creative thinking skills. The effect size of creative thinking skills is shown in Table 4.

Table 4. Effect Size of Creative Thinking Skills

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calculation of effect size</th>
<th>Statistic test</th>
<th>Effect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Small</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cohen's $d$</td>
<td>Paired t test</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eta Squared</td>
<td>ANOVA</td>
<td>0.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$r$</td>
<td>Correlation</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$r^2$</td>
<td>Correlation</td>
<td>0.01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 4 states the effect size on large effect criteria is 0.9 if the significance criteria are p<0.05 two-tailed and power, then Fluidmistar media has a high influence on creative thinking skills. The implementation of inquiry learning using Fluidmistar media gives interest to students in the dynamic fluid learning process. Student response questionnaire to Fluidmistar media is shown in Table 5.

Table 5. Student Response Questionnaire to Fluidmistar Media
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aspect</th>
<th>Response statement</th>
<th>Student response choices (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student attitudes towards Fluidmistar media</td>
<td>Media Fluidmistar helps to understand dynamic fluid material easily</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fluidmistar media can increase learning motivation</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Media Fluidmistar arouses curiosity</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Learning experience</td>
<td>Fluidmistar media makes students learn actively &amp; participatively</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fluidmistar media reduces the difficulty of learning fluid dynamic material</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fluidmistar media provides interactive group discussion opportunities</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Media convenience</td>
<td>Fluidmistar media can be used with a simple procedure</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pictures and videos link memory to dynamic fluid material</td>
<td>5.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Presentation of material in Fluidmistar media is systematic and effective</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fluidmistar media helps students learn independently</td>
<td>6.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Mean                           |                                                                   | 2.9            | 17.0            | 79.1          |

Table 5 presents the results of an analysis of student responses to the use of fluid ruler media which reveals aspects of student attitudes towards fluid ruler media, learning experience and media convenience. Fluidmistar media makes it easy for students to understand dynamic fluid material and can be used as learning media independently. The stimulation of creative thinking students can provide various answers to the questions given. Students' creative thinking skills are important to solve problems with new ideas. Good lesson planning can improve creative thinking skills, the use of Fluidmistar media with material preparation steps is carried out to trigger students' ways of thinking. Interactive learning media can be used as a choice of learning resources that are able to add and broaden insights and train students' independence so that able to think creatively and innovatively during learning activities. Interactive learning media makes it more active during learning activities, students don't feel bored quickly and the material can be
easily understood (Korukluoğlu & Yucel-Toy, 2022). Fluidmistar media is effectively used as a learning media that can measure and improve students' creative thinking skills.

The urgency of creative thinking skills is needed in various fields, especially in science. What needs to be done to improve creative thinking skills is to increase students' understanding, fluency, flexibility and innovation in solving a problem (Park et al., 2022). Teachers can train students' creative thinking skills through the atmosphere of the learning process in group by implemented learning that provides opportunities for each student to express any ideas that are owned freely but still under student guidance as learning facilitators. Giving exercises in the form of questions in the form of problem solving affects the development of students' creative thinking skills (Kapici et al., 2022). Giving open-ended questions which are carried out intensively by the teacher allows students to think complexly and systematically, will stimulate students to bring up a variety of answers so that an impact on the development of students' creative thinking skills (Chang et al., 2022).

Creativity means being able to create something new to consider something student learning outcomes from data sets and group projects in new ways. Students are expected to be able to think creatively and bring new perspectives for the provision of skills when student graduate to create and work (Matsun, Boisandi, Sari, & Hadiati, 2021). Creative thinking denotes the skill of seeing things in a new way involving lateral thinking or the ability to perceive patterns that are not clear. Creative students have the ability to devise new ways of doing tasks, problem solving and meeting challenges. Students bring an open perspective with a way of thinking that can help move towards a more productive work.

Some people are naturally more creative than others, but the ability to think creatively can be strengthened with practice. Students can develop creative thinking skills by problems solving through tools in the form of learning media (Budiarti et al., 2021). Creative thinking skills can be grown and improved through the process of training, learning and media that make it easier for students to gain learning experience to work. Creative thinking skills which are enhanced through the help of learning media require a more open, fun, logical and risk-taking approach. The ability to evaluate an identified idea as a potential with good value (Muliyati et al., 2022). Creativity can be done through learning from what doesn't work until it achieves success.
Creative thinking skills are more about attitude, confidence, lots of predictions, and generating lots of suggestions that require an analytical and logical approach that can be categorized as a possible risk (Mufit & Fitri, 2022). Focusing on the subject logically, analytically for some time, thinking about possible solutions and distracting thoughts. Innovation, creative thinking and problem solving are becoming increasingly important skills to be able to see things from a new perspective, solve old problems with simple changes and really drive progress. Being able to think creatively, solve problems and create new and innovative ideas will make students stand out in a crowd and put students in a strong position, able to think strategically or generate innovative ideas.

CONCLUSION
The results of research and development of Fluidmistar media which were developed based on the aspects of material feasibility and media feasibility. The results of analysis the eligibility description of the material are 85% and the eligibility of the media is 88% so that the Fluidmistar media is classified as a valid, practical and effective media. Fluidmistar media helping students to make inquiries that develop readiness and mastery of skills in cognitive processes. The results of expert recommendations on Fluidmistar media obtained learning media products for decent fluid material. Students' creative thinking skills using Fluidmistar media in inquiry activities obtained a high increase in creative thinking skills of 0.74. The significant influence that Fluidmistar media has on creative thinking skills is included in high category. Fluidmistar media has a significant influence on the creative thinking skills of Grade XI students in fluid material. Positive response to Fluidmistar media in inquiry learning from Grade XI high school students. The results of students' creative thinking skills increased at the high category level because the learning media used Fluidmaster media, provided opportunities for students to learn fluid content more easily, practically, independently, flexibly and interactively. The components provided in Fluidmistar media consist of material content, practice questions and games in the form of online quizzes. Fluidmistar learning media is suitable for use in inquiry learning to improve students' creative thinking skills on dynamic fluid material.

REFERENCE


