**Students’ Perspective on Teaching Materials of *English for Management business II***

Nuraeningsih

Universitas Muria Kudus

nuraeningsih@umk.ac.id

**Abstract**

 In the era of globalization, people around the world can have interaction for satisfying their goal in any aspect of life, such as business, politics, social and culture, education, etc. for that reason, the need of English proficiency as a global language becomes priority. Therefore, it is compulsory for all students in formal education to learn it. In university level, students of non-English department must study English with varied purposes, depending on their major, at least for two credits. Generally, it is taught to support the basic major or discipline. Consequently, the materials are designed based on their needs, especially later when they get jobs. For this reason, the material adapted is called ESP (English for Specific Purposes) which aims at preparing students to meet the demands of the workplace, i.e. the English skills. It should be more contextual, real life for now and the future. If the material is authentic and in accordance with the needs of learners, they will likely be ready to work as the demands of the employer. With these objectives, the English materials need to be adjusted to the needs of users (stakeholders) so that after graduating from universities, freshmen can directly work or create jobs according to their expertise. This research aims at to describe students’ perception on English teaching materials for Management department. A survey was conducted to second semester students of Management department of Universitas Muria Kudus. The result of the study reveals that the students have positive perspective of the teaching materials of *English for Management Business II.* They think affirmatively that the materials taught has selected properly in terms of material attraction, usefulness, authenticity, variety, level of difficulty, language skill proportion and the discussed topics. In other words, the materials are appropriate for satisfying Management department students’ need to prepare their future. Based on the findings, some suggestions are proposed to improve the materials used.

**Keywords:** *teaching material, English for Management Business II*

* 1. **Introduction**

In the era of globalization, people around the world can have interaction for satisfying their goal in any aspect of life, such as business, politics, social and culture, education, etc. for that reason, the need of English proficiency as a global language becomes priority. Therefore, it is compulsory for all students in formal education to learn it. It means that English is taught in each level of education in Indonesia, starting from elementary school until universities. Although the curriculum changes for several times, the position of English is regarded permanently exist.

In university level, students of non-English department must study English with varied purposes, depending on their major, at least for two credits. Generally, it is taught to support the basic major or discipline. Consequently, the materials are designed based on their needs, especially later when they get jobs. For this reason, the material adapted is called ESP (English for Specific Purposes) which aims at preparing students to meet the demands of the workplace, i.e. the English skills. It should be more contextual, real life, and the here and now. If the material is authentic and in accordance with the needs of learners, they will likely be ready to work as the demands of the employer. With these objectives, the English materials need to be adjusted to the needs of users (stakeholders) so that after graduating from universities, freshmen can directly work or create jobs according to their expertise.

As the curriculum said, students of Management Department must join English class in the first semester and second semester with 2 credits in each semester. The syllabus states that the aim of English learning is to enable students to communicate in English fluently and acceptably covering four language skills in intermediate level in management business field. To deal with this, the department assigns management department lecturers to teach English classes in the first semester and appoints English lecturers in the second semester. They select and design the materials by themselves every semester. However, there has been no research conducted to evaluate how the teaching material is. Since students are those who use it, it is important to know their opinion about the materials they learn. Whether or not it is relevant with the aim, it is necessarily conducted a research to investigate how students perceive the topics taught and how useful they are for them. Therefore, the writer conducted a research entitled *“*Students Perspective on Teaching Materials of *English for Management Business”*.

By conducting this research, it possibly yields some contributions to the improvement of teaching English as a foreign language in general. Hopefully, it can enrich the theory of teaching English and give a practical input for English teachers in developing teaching materials. Thus, the result of the research will be very beneficial to make the materials more relevant and meaningful for students.

**Teaching English to Management Department Students of UMK**

English is taught to Management department students in the first and second semester with two credits for each. It aims to enable students to communicate in English fluently and acceptably in intermediate level, especially in management business field, covering four language skills: listening, speaking, reading and writing. In the first semester, the lecturers who are in charge are from Management department, then in the second semester, the classes are taught by English lecturers.

Since the students come with various capabilities, the challenge of English teaching becomes higher. The demand to provide fun learning is always addressed to make them encouraged to get involved in the teaching and learning process. Furthermore, the big number of the students gives consequences to design interesting learning activities which involve all students. There are around 48 students per class.

**Teaching Materials of English for Management Business**  As one of teachers’ duty, teaching materials are designed by the teacher him/herself. Generally, s/he selected the materials from several sources and compiled. Ideally, it is designed by considering many things, such as relevant topics to its major, level of difficulty, contextual, etc. According to Dulbin & Olshtein (2000), teaching materials should be developed by providing clear teaching objectives and detailed teaching procedures. Therefore, when it is taught by different instructors, they will do the same thing and the result will not be far different. The materials of English for Management Business covers some topics, such as English for basic daily use, Company Structure, Trading, Employment, Money, and Advertisement. They are taught in 14 meetings.

**Need Analysis** Needs analysis has an important role in the process of designing and implementing language education both ESP (English for Specific Purposes) or General English Course. ESP is a design approach must consider the needs of learners. Needs of the students seen in the formatting requirements analysis framework that includes the target situation and learning needs framework. In the analysis of the target situation, Hutchinson and Waters (1989: 59) say that the language needed for several things: to study, to work, to training, or a combination of all three, or for other purposes such as status, test, and others. This gives the consequence that in designing the language material (read English) should be tailored to the needs of learners. Within the scope of vocational, teaching materials designed specifically according to their expertise. English skills taught in the program engine are quite different from English that is taught in the program of electrical expertise. Furthermore, Hutchinson and Waters explains: 1) how language is used if the speaking, reading, writing, etc. by means of the telephone or face to face, 2) type of text or discourse that is used as an example is a technical manual, catalogs, informal conversations, etc., 3) Fill material covers the field of machinery, shipping, etc., 4) level for technicians, craftsmen, students, etc., 5) in which the language is used whether in the office, in hotels, in the garage, or in the factory.

**Previous Research**

 Some similar research have been conducted. One was conducted by Liaou and Shen (2012). They investigated teaching materials on Science and Technology. Their findings showed that students have positive attitude, a careful examination in statistics and some parts of the materials which should be improved. The second is a study which was conducted by Esmer et al (2016) on how education faculty students perceive on teaching methods and materials. Their respondents said that the most effective teaching methods are case studies and discussion. While the most effective teaching materials are film demonstration.

**Research Method**

Asthe objective of the research to describe students’ perception on teaching materials of English for Management department, this research is classified as descriptive research. To get the answers of the research questions, a survey was distributed to second semester Management department students in academic year 2015/2016. There were 336 students divided into seven classes. Each class consisted of around 48 students. In this research, the writer used only one instrument, it is a questionnaire. The students were asked to respond several items in the questionnaire about teaching materials of *English for Management Business*. It has two kinds of questions, closed and open questions. Likert scale with 4 options, namely strongly agree, agree, disagree and strongly disagree, was used in close questions covering materials’ attraction, usefulness, level of difficulty, variety, authenticity, and proportion of the four language skills.

**Research Finding**

As the data was collected by distributing a questionnaire to the respondents, the results are presented as follows:

1. **Material Attraction**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Statement** | **Response** |
| **Strongly Agree** | **Agree** | **Disagree** | **Strongly disagree** |
| The materials of *English for Management Business II* is interesting for me | 15% | 85% | - | - |
| Total  | 100 % |

Table 4.1 The data of material attraction

 Based on table 4.1, it is found that 85% respondents agree that the materials of *English for Management Business II* is interesting for them. While 15 % students state that they strongly agree to the statement. It means that all respondents are interested in the materials.

1. **Material Usefulness**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Statement** | **Response** |
| **Strongly Agree** | **Agree** | **Disagree** | **Strongly disagree** |
| The materials of *English for Management Business II* is beneficial for me | 45% | 55% | - | - |
| The materials of *English for Management Business II* is relevant to current and future workplace need | 42.5% | 57.5% |  |  |
| The materials of *English for Management Business II* helps me to understand some terms that I find in other subjects  | 15% | 72.5% | 10% |  |
| The materials of *English for Management Business II* develops my English skill  | 22.5% | 70% | 7.5% |  |
| Total  | 100 % |

Table 4.2 The data of Material Usefulness

 The second item is about material usefulness; whether or not students get benefit from the materials they learn. Table 4.2 above shows that the materials of *English for Management Business II* are advantageous for students. It is proved by the percentage of stating positive response. There are 45% of the respondents who said they strongly agree and 55% agree. Furthermore, there are 42.5% students who strongly agree and 57.5% students who agree that the materials are relevant to current and future workplace need. It is useful not only for the future but also for the recent time. From the statement whether the materials of *English for Management Business II* helps them to understand some terms that they find in other subjects, it is found that 15% said that strongly agree, 72.5% agree and only 10% who disagree. Moreover, most of respondents give positive response to the statement that the teaching materials used in the English for Management Business class develop their English skills. It can been seen from the percentage that 22.5% state strongly agree, 70% said that they agree and there is only 7.5% who disagree. In other words, the materials are very useful for students.

1. **Level of difficulty**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Statement** | **Response** |
| **Strongly Agree** | **Agree** | **Disagree** | **Strongly disagree** |
| I think the materials of *English for Management Business II* is accordance with my competence | 12.5% | 82.5% | 5% | - |
| Total  | 100 % |

Table 4.3 The data of Level of Difficulty

 Based on the data in table 4.3, most students said that the materials of *English for Management Business II* is accordance with their competence. It is proved by the percentage that 95% saying that they strongly agree (12.5%) and most said agree (82.5%) to the statement. But, there are 5% who said that they disagree. In short, the materials are not too difficult nor too easy.

1. **Material Variety**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Statement** | **Response** |
| **Strongly Agree** | **Agree** | **Disagree** | **Strongly disagree** |
| The topics covered in *English for Management Business II* is varied | 22.5% | 72.5% | 5% | - |
| Total  | 100 % |

Table 4.4 Data of Material Variety

 According to the respondents, the topics covered in *English for Management Business II* are varied. This is showed by the percentage of choosing strongly agree and agree which reach 95%. However, there is 5% of them who said disagree.

1. **Material Authenticity**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Statement** | **Response** |
| **Strongly Agree** | **Agree** | **Disagree** | **Strongly disagree** |
| The materials of *English for Management Business* coverauthentically daily life topics | 15% | 85% | - | - |
| Total  | 100 % |

Table 4.5 Data of Material authenticity

From table 4.5, it can be seen that all respondents confirm that the materials of *English for Management Business II* is authentic since they cover daily life topics. There are 15% of respondents who strongly agree and the others or 85% said agree.

1. **4 Skills Proportion**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Statement** | **Response** |
| **Strongly Agree** | **Agree** | **Disagree** | **Strongly disagree** |
| The materials of *English for Management Business II* have covered the four English skills (listening, speaking, reading, writing)  | 37.5% | 55% | 7.5% | - |
| The materials of *English for Management Business II* should have more reading texts about Business English | 20% | 77.5% | 2.5% |  |
| Total  | 100 % |

Table 4.6

 English learning should involve four language skills, namely listening, reading, speaking and writing. According to the respondents, the materials of *English for Management Business II* have covered the four English skills. There are 37.5% who strongly agree and 55% agree. However, there is 7% who disagrees. It means that most students approve that the topics are balanced. The second item of this indicator is asking about students’ opinion whether the course material should have more texts about Business English. It is found that almost all respondents (97.5%) give positive response. There is only 2.5% who disagrees. The complete data can be seen in table 4.6.

1. **Students’ Perception on Topics of *English for Business Management II***

In part 2, the questionnaire puts three open questions asking about students’ opinion about which topics should be deleted and which part should be explored more. The other one is about the real advantage the students get after joining the English class.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Questions**  | **Responses**  |
| 1. | From the teaching materials of *English for Business Management II,* which topic should be more explored? Please mention.  | Text about business should be added. Listening is too. More discussion about the vocabulary related to the text |
| 2. | From the teaching materials of *English for Business Management II,* which topic should be reduced? Please mention. | Grammar  |
| 3. | After you join the English class, which materials do you think the most advantageous for you? | Job interview |

Table 4.7 Students perception on material’s topics

The first question is about topics of the material which should have more exploration. Most respondents expected that business English texts should be added and get bigger portion. In addition, difficult words nor new terms related to the texts should also been discussed. On the other hand, students feel that listening is important too. They said that listening should have more explanation in the class.

Second question is contradictory to the first one. It is about topics which should be reduced. And some students said no topics should be deleted because all of them are needed for their future, but some others state that grammar is too theoretic and they need something which is more practical.

The last question deals with the most advantageous topic for students. In general, many of them said that all topics give benefits for them. But surprisingly, most state that job interview is the most beneficial for them.

**Discussion**

After the data about students’ perception on the teaching materials of *English for Management Business* have been presented, now it is discussed.

1. **Material Attraction**

 Table 4.1 shows that all respondents are interested in the materials. It can be proved by the percentage of choosing options strongly agree and agree. There are 85% respondents who agree that the materials of *English for Management Business II* is interesting for them. While 15 % students strongly agree to the statement. It means that the material has novelty for students. It could be their first time to find such topics like *Company Organization, Money, Advertisement, and Employment* with different content or tasks*.* For example in unit *Advertisement*, students watched video of advertisements, discussed a written text about it, then they had to find an advertisement around them to analyze. Probably it was their first experience to do it, but they recon as an exciting activity.

1. **Material Usefulness**

Table 4.2 above shows that the materials of *English for Management Business II* are advantageous for students. It is proved by the percentage of 45% of the respondents said they strongly agree and 55% agree. Furthermore, there are 42.5% students who strongly agree and 57.5% students who agree that the materials are relevant to current and future workplace need. In other words, the materials are very useful for students. The first question of this part is interrelated to the second one. Respondents state that the material gives a lot of advantages for them because they will face it in their workplace. In other words, the materials satisfy their need in their future. Some materials provide knowledge such as *Company Organization, Money, Employment, etc.* In addition, each topic provides real tasks that become exciting experience for students. When they must perform *Job Interview*, previously they got difficulty but they finally could accomplish it since they were challenged to do so. It is useful not only for the future but also for the recent time. From the statement whether the materials of *English for Management Business II* helps them to understand some terms that they find in other subjects, it is found that 15% said that strongly agree, 72.5% agree and only 10% who disagree. Since the class is designed as English for Specific Purpose, the topics taught are those which belong to the core of their field, in this case Management Business, as it has been mentioned before. By learning English, students of Management department actually study about their major. Take for example, in unit *Trade,* they learn about types of trading, how people do trading and practice offering and ordering in oral and written communication. Thus, English plays a role as a media. Moreover, in the last part of this item, most of respondents give positive response to the statement that the teaching materials used in the English for Management Business class develop their English skills. It can been seen from the percentage that 22.5% state strongly agree, 70% said that they agree and there is only 7.5% who disagree. As a whole, it seems respondents confirm that they improve their English after joining the class integratedly because the teaching materials provide what they need. In other words, the materials are very advantageous for students.

1. **Level of Difficulty**

One of factors influencing students’ motivation to learn is level of difficulty. When the material is too difficult, they will discourage. On the contrary, if it is too easy, students will ignore it. Table 4.3 shows that most students said that the materials of *English for Management Business II* is accordance with their competence. It is proved by the percentage that 95% saying that they strongly agree (12.5%) and most said agree (82.5%) to the statement. But, there are 5% who said that they disagree. It means that the materials are not too difficult nor too easy. The topics were selected based on some considerations, such as familiarity, authenticity, novelty and level of difficulty. When a topic is absolutely new and hard, it will make the students unmotivated and have no willingness to come to the class.

1. **Material Variety**

Table 4.4 presents that the topics covered in *English for Management Business II* are varied. This is showed by the percentage of choosing strongly agree and agree which reach 95%. However, there is 5% of them who said disagree. It means that most of students admit that the teaching materials have big variety. It can be seen from the various tasks and activities in the class, such as class survey, games, group discussion and simulation as what they do job interview. Furthermore, the language skills distribution in each meeting strengthen this variety which anticipate students’ boredom in the class.

1. **Material Authenticity**

Authenticity means the span of being real life of teaching materials. How presented texts are showing daily life which students can find in their real life. Based on table 4.5, it can be seen that all respondents confirm that the materials of *English for Management Business II* is authentic since they cover daily life topics. There are 15% of respondents who strongly agree and the others or 85% said agree. The authentic materials can be seen from some topics taught, such as Advertisement, Money, Employment, etc. Based on the finding, the most authentic topic is job interview. All respondents were aware that later they will experience it, therefore they tried to do their best. This evidence is relevant to Tomlinson’ statement (2012) that teaching material should be authentic to satisfy what learners need in their future and enable them to use the language in real life. In addition, Kilickaya (2010) and Alshumaimeri (2015) who said that authentic materials are those which can guide learners to use the target language as frequently as possible.

1. **Language Skills Proportion**

Since English has four language skills, they should exist in the teaching learning process. As the finding reveals that the materials of *English for Management Business II* have covered the four English skills, it means that all are integratedly taught in the class. No single skill is missed. It is important to note that “in real communication more than one skills is used” (Jing quoted in Hungkyo and Kijay, 2009). Furthermore, there is no skills which is dominantly discussed.

On the other hand, respondents said that they expected to have more reading texts on Business English. It is due to some English terms they found in other subjects that they learn. From this, it seems English becomes more significant function as a knowledge transfer medium. The complete data can be seen in table 4.6.

1. **Students Perception on Topics of *English for Business Management II***

The second part of the questionnaire deals with topics of *English for Business Management II* in detail. There are three questions. The first question is about topics of the material which should be discussed and explored more deeply. Most respondents expected that business English texts should be added and get bigger portion. In addition, difficult words nor new terms related to the texts should also been discussed. It is because their vocabulary has not been sufficient to comprehend the topic under discussion. Furthermore, some of them were not supported with dictionary. This finding shows that students have big interest in enriching their knowledge about business through English. Consequently, the topics should be selected based on factual and actual consideration. And of course it is also based on their proficiency level.

Different from the first question, the second question is asking about topics which should be reduced. And many students said no topics should be deleted because all of them are needed for their future, however some others state that grammar is too theoretic and they need something which is more practical. It is understandable since in first semester, they learnt dominantly about grammar. Unluckily, what they learn is grammar in isolation, not the language use in appropriate context. In short, the grammatical items of the material should be selected in terms of practicality and contextuality.

The last question deals with the most advantageous topic for students. Based on the finding, most students state that all topics that they learn are beneficial for them. It reveals that they got something in every lesson they joined. There are five topics covering Company Structure, Advertisement, Money, Trading and Employment. Among them, surprisingly most students feel that Job Interview becomes the most useful material. Although it is more challenging than others, they think that through interview they experience a very real situation in the class. It means that the language they learn is truly applied in daily life. They not only know terms about employment, but also they can apply them in real communication. The video of job interview helps them respond the situation of job interview. It is due to most students were full time students and never experience it, therefore they find it would be very crucial for them to acquire the skill of having job interview.

**Conclusion and Suggestion**

After analyzing the data, finally some conclusions can be drawn. Based on the finding and discussion, the students’ perspective on teaching materials of *English for Management Business* is positive. They think affirmatively that the materials taught has selected properly in terms of material attraction, usefulness, authenticity, variety, level of difficulty, language skill proportion and the discussed topics. In other words, the materials are appropriate for satisfying Management department students’ need to prepare their future. They get much benefit from learning the materials and are challenged to become English proficient.

From the conclusion above, some suggestions are proposed as follows:

1. Teaching materials should be annually reviewed to match with students’ need
2. It is much better to add more topics of reading texts, particularly about Business English.
3. The vocabulary should be discussed more deeply, not only about the meaning but also the usage in real context.
4. As it is the most advantageous topic, job interview should be remained in the selected materials.

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