

### Pembuatan Larutan Induk 250 ppm

$$250 \text{ ppm} = \frac{mg}{l}$$

$$250 \text{ ppm} = \frac{mg}{0,05l}$$

$$Mg = 250 \times 0,05l$$

$$= 12,5 \text{ mg}$$

Larutan induk diencerkan menjadi konsentrasi 50 ppm, 100 ppm, 150 ppm, 200 ppm, 250 ppm.

Pengenceran dilakukan menggunakan rumus;  $M_1 \cdot V_1 = M_2 \cdot V_2$ .

#### 50 ppm

$$250 \text{ ppm} \cdot V_1 = 50 \cdot 10 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{50 \times 10}{250} = 2 \text{ ml}$$

#### 100 ppm

$$250 \cdot V_1 = 100 \cdot 10 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{100 \times 10}{250} = 4 \text{ ml}$$

### Persen Inhibisi Ekstrask Kulit Batang Muda Rotan Semambu

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$$50 \text{ ppm} = \frac{0,999 - 0,533}{0,999} \times 100 = 46,54 \%$$

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### Penentuan nilai $IC_{50}$ vitamin C;

$$y = 0,0038x + 97,4$$

$$50 = 0,0038x + 97,4$$

$$X = \frac{50 - 97,4}{0,0038} = -12,47 \text{ ppm}$$